

國防大學政治作戰學院 102 學年度博碩士班入學測驗命題紙



身分：全時進修軍、自費生

所別：政治學系中共解放軍研究碩士班

科目：中國大陸研究

申論題：四題，各廿五分。

一、中共於 2012 年 11 月，召開共黨「十八大」。試申中共十八大的性質？在十八大會期中產生那些決議？以及十八大對中共的意義，與重要性為何？

二、中國自古以農立國，歷朝歷代的興衰更替均與「農」有關。試申當前中國大陸的「三農問題」？中共近年來的解決之道？以及你對此一問題的看法？

三、從 1990 年以來，中共軍費年年擴增。試申中共武裝力量建設的方向？以及中共武器裝備發展的實況？

（中共武裝力量包括解放軍、武警、民兵三部分，均可論述。）

四、中共第四代領導人胡錦濤，在他執政的十年中，曾建構「和諧理論」。從和諧社會到和諧兩岸、和諧周邊，以至於和諧世界。

試申胡錦濤建構「和諧社會」的背景、內容，與其意義為何？中國大陸現階段又有那些「不和諧」的因素？

（以上四題無需拘泥於教材，可盡情與中共現況相互結合。）

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科目：共黨理論

申論題 (一~三)

一、請敘述馬克斯政治理論分那幾個部分？如何從低級階段過渡到高級階段？(25 分)

二、毛澤東於建政後所發起的「三面紅旗運動」有那些內容？請就運動的效果及影響提出你個人的看法。(25 分)

三、請敘述江澤民所提之「三個代表」之內容及意涵為何？並說明「三個代表」對中國共產黨有何重要的意義。(20 分)

四、解釋名詞：(每題 10 分)

1、改革開放

2、四項基本堅持

3、科學發展觀



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A. 選擇題 (70%)

每題 7 分

1. China's armed forces are composed of the People's Liberation Army (PLA), the People's Armed Police Force (PAPF) and
 - a. the militia.
 - b. the rebellion
 - c. the terrorist
2. Over the years, the PLA has been proactively and steadily pushing forward its reforms in line with the requirements of performing its missions and tasks, and building an
 - a. informationized military.
 - b. neutralized military
 - c. privatized military
3. The PLA Army (PLAA) is composed of mobile operational units, border and coastal defense units, guard and garrison units, and is primarily responsible for military operations
 - a. on land.
 - b. on sea
 - c. in the sky
4. Which service of the PLA is China's mainstay for operations at sea, and is responsible for safeguarding its maritime security and maintaining its sovereignty over its territorial seas along with its maritime rights and interests?
 - a. The PLA Army (PLAA)
 - b. The PLA Navy (PLAN)
 - c. The PLA Air Force (PLAAF)



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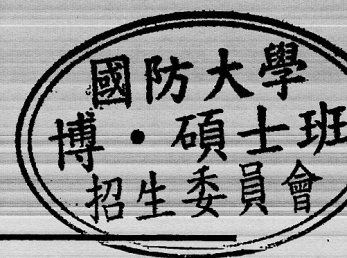
5. The PLAN is composed of the surface vessel, naval aviation, marine corps, coastal defense arms, and
 - a. bomber.
 - b. submarine.
 - c. armor force
6. Which service of the PLA is China's mainstay for air operations, responsible for its territorial air security and maintaining a stable air defense posture nationwide?
 - a. The PLA Army (PLAA)
 - b. The PLA Navy (PLAN)
 - c. The PLA Air Force (PLAAF)
7. Which service of the PLA is a core force for China's strategic deterrence mainly composed of nuclear and conventional missile forces and operational support units?
 - a. The PLA Army (PLAA)
 - b. The PLA Air Force (PLAAF)
 - c. The PLA Second Artillery Force (PLASAF)
8. Which armed force of China is the state's backbone and shock force in handling public emergencies and maintaining social stability?
 - a. The People's Armed Police Force
 - b. The PLA Navy
 - c. The PLA Second Artillery Force
9. Which service of the PLA has dispatched a combined task force to conduct escort operations in the Gulf of Aden and

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- a. The PLA Army (PLAA)
- b. The PLA Navy (PLAN)
- c. The PLA Air Force (PLAAF)

10. What troops China has dispatched in accordance with UN resolutions as well as agreements between the Chinese government and the UN to designated countries or regions?

- a. UN Peace Keeping troops
- b. PLAAF Parachute troops
- c. PLAA root troops

B. 英翻中 (15%)

It is China's unshakable national commitment and strategic choice to take the road of peaceful development. China unswervingly pursues an independent foreign policy of peace and a national defense policy that is defensive in nature. China opposes any form of hegemonism or power politics, and does not interfere in the internal affairs of other countries. China will never seek hegemony or behave in a hegemonic manner, nor will it engage in military expansion.

C. 中翻英 (15%)

當今時代，和平與發展面臨新的機遇和挑戰。緊緊把握機遇，共同應對挑戰，合作維護安全，攜手實現發展，是時代賦予各國人民的歷史使命。