

國防大學政治作戰學院 106 學年度博碩士班入學測驗命題紙

身分：全時進修軍、自費生

所別：政治學系碩士班

科目：政治學



選擇題(每題 2 分，20 題，共 40 分)

1. 「柔性國力」(Soft Power)是下列那一位學者所提出的？
(A)奈伊(Joseph Nye) (B)韋伯(Max Weber)
(C)米契爾(Robert Michels) (D)杭亭頓(Samuel Huntington)
2. 將政治定義為「價值性權威分配」(authoritative allocation of values for a society)的學者是？
(A)伊斯頓(David Easton) (B)拉斯威爾(Harold Lasswell)
(C)佛巴(Sidney Verba) (D)阿蒙(Gabriel Almond)
3. 下列何者有關「憲政主義」(Constitutionalism)的敘述，何者是錯誤的？
(A)政府權力應該被限制 (B)人權必須受到保障
(C)極權國家仍有憲政主義的基礎 (D)政府正當權力是源自於被統治者的同意
4. 下列何者不是蘭尼(Austin Ranney)所謂「民主政治」(Democracy)的基本原則？
(A)人民主權(Popular Sovereignty) (B)大眾諮商(Popular Consultation)
(C)政治平等(Political Equality) (D)民粹主義(Populism)
5. 1960 年代出版《公民文化》(The Civic Culture)一書的作者是：
(A)福山(F. Fukuyama) (B)道爾(R. Dahl)
(C)阿蒙與佛巴(G. Almond & S. Verba) (D)白魯恂(L. Pye)
6. 下列對「後物質主義」(post materialism)的描述，何者是錯誤的？
(A)可用以解釋新興社會運動的興起
(B)是一種慣於經濟不安定與物質缺乏世代所產生的文化
(C)由學者英格哈特(R. Inglehart)首先提出的概念
(D)強調對生態與種族和諧的關懷
7. 下列那一種民意的分布，表示社會上對某議題看法是兩極的狀態？
(A)U 曲線 (B)J 曲線
(C)M 曲線 (D)W 曲線
8. 美國總統行使否決權後，表示社會上對某議題看法是兩極的狀態？
(A)國會兩院再以三分之二通過，法律案始可生效
(B)國會兩院再以二分之一通過，法律案始可生效
(C)國會兩院議長之同意，法律案始可生效
(D)該法案立即作廢

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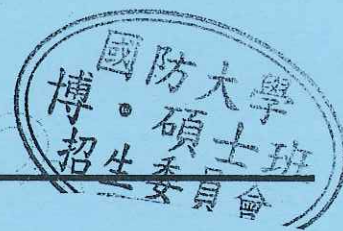
9. 要成為我國總統候選人必須年滿幾歲？
(A) 35 (B) 40
(C) 45 (D) 50
10. 下列那個國家的政府類型是屬於委員制？
(A) 美國 (B) 法國
(C) 瑞士 (D) 瑞典
11. 否決權屬於那種政府體制的特徵之一？
(A) 內閣制 (B) 總統制
(C) 委員制 (D) 君主立憲制
12. 下列那個不是「協合式民主」(consociational democracy)理論的原則？
(A) 菁英聯盟 (B) 相互否決權
(C) 比例原則 (D) 多數治理
13. 林布隆 (Charles E. Lindblom) 提出何種決策理論？
(A) 充分理性模式 (B) 有限理性模式
(C) 小幅累積改變模式 (D) 公共選擇模式
14. 下列那個是單一選區的制度？
(A) 台灣縣市議員的選舉
(B) 以色列的政黨名單比例代表制 (party list vote system)
(C) 澳洲的選擇性投票制 (alternative vote system)
(D) 愛爾蘭之單記可讓渡投票制 (single transferable vote system)
15. 美國的初選提名制度，是由誰來舉辦？
(A) 政黨 (B) 聯邦政府
(C) 州政府 (D) 民間社團
16. 日本的並立式國會議員選舉指的是下列那一種？
(A) 選民有兩票，一票選人，一票選黨，候選人選票可以轉移
(B) 選民有兩票，一票選人，一票選黨，以黨的選票計算席次
(C) 選民有兩票，一票選人，一票選黨，兩票分別計算
(D) 選民有兩票，一票選人，一票選黨，兩票皆可轉移

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17. 「寡頭鐵律」提出的學者是？(Platinal democracy)理論的原則？
(A) 杜瓦傑(M. Duverger) (B) 米契爾(R. Michels)
(C) 蘭尼(Austin Ranney) (D) 伯克(B. Burke)
18. 下列何者是福山 (F. Fukuyama)所著「歷史的終結」(The End of History)的主要內容？
(A) 全球只剩下一種意識形態：自由主義式民主 (B) 地球暖化所造成的災害
(C) 種族衝突對非洲所造成的傷害 (D) 共產主義有可能再起
19. 一般而言，實施下列那種選舉制度的國家，黨紀最容易維持？
(A) 單記非讓渡投票法 (B) 單記可讓渡投票法
(C) 單一選區相對多數制 (D) 政黨名單比例代表制
20. 「文化霸權」(culture Hegemony)是下列那位學者提出的？
(A) 伊斯頓(David Easton) (B) 羅爾斯(John Rawls)
(C) 葛蘭西(Antonio Gramsci) (D) 哈伯馬斯(Herbert Marcuse)

申論題(三題，每題 20 分，共 60 分)

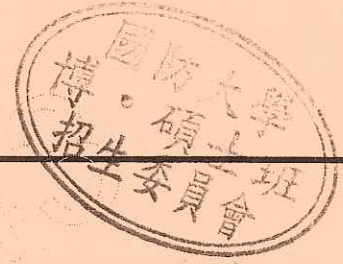
- 一、政治學能否成為科學？
- 二、何謂聯邦？邦聯？國協？
- 三、何謂民主化的第三波？

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每題 25 分

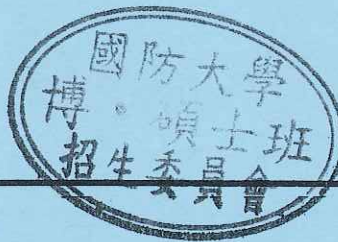
- 一 何謂「流程圖」(Flow Chart)，試簡要說明之。
- 二 「行政倫理」之主要內涵為何？
- 三 試簡述何為「專業治理」(Technocracy)。
- 四 近年「大數據」(Big Data)技術之發展，對行政學可能會發生何種影響？

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科目：英文



I. Vocabulary: 20%

Read the following sentences and determine the right definition of the underlined words.

1. There is also a powerful perception in the US Air Force that drone jobs are less prestigious and glamorous than flying more traditional military aircraft.
(A) prominent (B) fashionable (C) unknown (D) risky
2. Sometimes unpredictability can be very effective in shaking things up.
(A) prophecy (B) malice (C) certainty (D) changeability
3. In recent months, Ms. Atwood has been hearing from anxious readers who see eerie parallels between the novel's oppressive society and the current Republican administration's policy goals of curtailing reproductive rights.
(A) delicate (B) weird (C) ironic (D) similar
4. Why did this customarily prudent chancellor do it?
(A) arrogant (B) cruel (C) discreet (D) learned
5. Reconciliation takes bravery as well as generosity.
(A) Rapprochement (B) Altruism (C) Cooperation (D) Humanity
6. If Edward J. Snowden believes he deserves clemency for his disclosures of classified government documents because they provoked an important public debate about the reach of American spying, he has failed to sway the White House and at least two key members of Congress.
(A) empathy (B) justice (C) mercy (D) punishment
7. This means that if the F.B.I. can eavesdrop on your conversations or get into your computers without your consent, so can cybercriminals.
(A) intercept (B) defend (C) investigate (D) spy
8. Maria went to Nigeria to meet the man who scammed her.
(A) fascinated (B) cheated on (C) seduced (D) consoled
9. But the next wave of economic dislocations won't come from overseas. It will come from the relentless pace of automation that makes a lot of good middle class jobs obsolete.
(A) out of use or practice (B) popular (C) available (D) significant
10. The military faced a deadline set by the Obama administration three years ago to integrate women into all combat jobs by January or ask for specific exemptions.
(A) permissions (B) training (C) strategies (D) immunity
11. Imagine the moral and societal hazard if the US military permitted such retaliation against those who reported illegal and immoral behaviors.
(A) agreement (B) solidarity (C) revenge (D) ransom
12. How do we excuse ethical lapses in our own party, but pounce when the other

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- party does the same thing?
(A) errors (B) courage (C) strength (D) emptiness
13. The signs of capital punishment's impending demise are all around.
(A) popularity (B) rebirth (C) deterioration (D) death
14. In some of the biggest states, death-penalty systems are defunct or collapsing.
(A) working (B) dead (C) attacked (D) cherished
15. Such precautions are seen as vital in an era when cyberattacks from the nation's adversaries are common.
(A) hackers (B) foes (C) traitors (D) militants
16. Bigotry wasn't the only dark force in the election; so was anti-intellectualism.
(A) Tolerance (B) Prejudice (C) Hostility (D) Disdain
17. The general's iPad was essentially a prototype modified at his direction by the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, the military's high-tech lab that helped develop weather satellites, the Internet, GPS, and stealth technology.
(A) copy (B) fake one (C) (an) archetype (D) (an) advanced device
18. The traffickers are certainly odious figures, recklessly placing migrants in peril.
(A) unobjectionable (B) alluring (C) appealing (D) evil
19. The US pilots have also become targets for terrorists who say drones have been used to indiscriminately kill civilians.
(A) unselectively (B) deliberately (C) unconsciously (D) revengefully
20. North Korea, far from crazy, is all too rational.
(A) absurd (B) proportional (C) reasonable (D) capricious

II. Grammar: 20%

Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. (Find the wrong one.)

1. What she says surprised me.
A B C D
2. The world is round is a fact.
A B C D
3. How can we get things go?
A B C D
4. Smoking will be prohibited in public-housing residences nationwide under a
A B C
federal rule announcing on Wednesday.
D

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5. The news left him wonder what would happen next.
A B C D
6. The weather has turned much more cold since November.
A B C D
7. At the President's entry everyone fell silence.
A B C D
8. He makes friends easy with anyone whom he meets.
A B C D
9. We cannot deliver the independent, original journalism in which we are known
A B C
without the loyalty of our readers.
D
10. The book began climbing Amazon's best-seller list, in turn drove more
A B
readers to it, in a sort of algorithm-driven feedback loop.
C D

III. Complete the following sentences. 10%

1. In short, she landed ____ many of the right messages, but she was the wrong messenger.
(A) around (B) off (C) into (D) on
2. The British prime minister simply congratulated Mr. Trump ____ his win.
(A) on (B) to (C) for (D) about
3. We need you to keep up these fights now and ____ the rest of your lives.
(A) in (B) for (C) upon (D) under
4. Humanity has tried to limit war ____ moral terms since Cicero first outlined the Just War Ethics, an effort that continues to this day.
(A) with (B) under (C) on (D) below
5. Many factors accounted ____ Mr. Trump's win.
(A) on (B) for (C) into (D) without
6. What do Clinton and Merkel have ____ common?
(A) within (B) beyond (C) in (D) to
7. Mrs. Clinton has followed Mr. Gore ____ the second Democratic presidential candidate in modern history to be defeated by a Republican who earned fewer votes, in his case George W. Bush.
(A) for (B) with (C) in (D) as

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8. Federal prosecutors have charged Mr. Snowden ____ theft and ____ two violations of the Espionage Act of 1917.
(A) with...with (B) into...into (C) on...on (D) for...for
9. For Mr. Obama, who has served ____ a wartime commander longer than any of his predecessors, meeting with the wounded and their families is among the most sacred duties of his presidency.
(A) for (B) as (C) in (D) under
10. But we can't be complacent ____ the goals themselves.
(A) In (B) with (C) about (D) of

IV. Translation: 30%

(Translate the following passages into Chinese.)

1. Germany's chancellor, Angela Merkel, is under pressure from the same forces that elevated Mr. Trump in America, fueled Britain's vote to exit the European Union and are now propelling the populist Marine Le Pen in France. At home, the hard-right Alternative for Germany party has scored a string of victories in state elections.
2. Encouraged by the results, the Defense Department last week announced a formal policy permitting outside computer experts to test for vulnerabilities in the system and report them to the department. Secretary of Defense Ashton Carter called the initiative "a 'see something, say something' policy for the digital domain." Those hackers won't be paid for their reports, but officials hope they will do it out of a sense of duty.

V. Composition: 20%

The topic for the composition is "The Safest Way to Surf the Internet on Your Smart Phone." Is it safe to expose your full name, identity, photos, and cellphone number on LINE, Facebook, and some other websites? According to the New York Times, "the cellphone number is more than just a bunch of digits." Worse than that, some spy tech firms, according to the New York Times, let some governments see everything on a smartphone. Explain why some people cannot use the cellphones. Was Mr. Obama one of them? (Underline your topic sentences.)